```
Set      Items     Description
S1       91086     INTRUD? OR INTRUS? OR IDD OR IDDS OR IDS OR HONEY()POT? ? -
                   OR SAND()BOX OR SANDBOX? OR NSM? OR THREAT()MONITOR? OR SURVE-
                   IL? OR (ANOMAL? OR MISUSE?)(3N)(DETECT? OR MONITOR?)
S2      209568     KERNEL? OR CORE? OR CENTRAL()(PROGRAM? OR MODULE?) OR SYST-
                   EM()(LEVEL? OR PROGRAM?)
S3      290106     BUFFER? OR CACHE? OR TEMPORAR?()(MEMOR? OR STORAGE?) OR CI-
                   RCULAR()BUFFER?
S4       25191     DEVICE()DRIVER? OR DDL OR (PERIPHERAL? OR DEVICE)(N)(IO OR
                   I()O OR INTERFACE?)
S5      478004     AUDIT? OR MONITOR? OR LOG OR LOGS OR LOGGING OR LOGGED OR -
                   HISTOR?
S6         308     S1 (10N) S2
S7           1     S6 (10N) S3
S8           0     S6 (10N) S4
S9          35     S6 (10N) S5
S10         82     S1(S)S2(S)S3
S11         15     S6(10N)INTERFACE?
S12         40     S10(S)(S4 OR S5)
S13         80     S9 OR S12 OR S11
S14         22     S13 AND IC=(G06F-012? OR G06F-007? OR G06F-017? OR H04L-00-
                   9?)
S15         22     IDPAT (sorted in duplicate/non-duplicate order)
S16         22     IDPAT (primary/non-duplicate records only)
File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2005/Feb W03
         (c) 2005 European Patent Office
File 349:PCT FULLTEXT 1979-2002/U
```

16/3,K/6   (Item 6 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
(c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio. All rts. reserv.

00952584   **Image available**
SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR ANALYZING LOGFILES
SYSTEME ET PROCEDE D'ANALYSE DE FICHIERS DE TRACE
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
  RECOURSE TECHNOLOGIES INC, 1600 Seaport Blvd., Suite 400, Redwood City,
    CA 94063, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality)
Inventor(s):
  SORKIN Stephen, 810 Coleman Ave. #16, Menlo Park, CA 94025, US,
  LYLE Michael, 2844 Buena Knoll Court, San Jose, CA 95121, US,
  ROSS Robert F, 151 Calderon #334, Mountain View, CA 94041, US,
  MARICONDO James R, 872 Ames Court, Palo Alto, CA 94303, US,
Legal Representative:
  YI Susan C (agent), Van Pelt & Yi, LLP, 4906 El Camino Real, Suite 205,
    Los Altos, CA 94022, US,
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
  Patent: WO 200286724 A1 20021031 (WO 0286724)
  Application: WO 2002US12936 20020423 (PCT/WO US0212936)
  Priority Application: US 2001841689 20010423
Designated States:
(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)
  AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ
  EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR
  LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL
  TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW
  (EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR
  (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
  (AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW
  (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM
Publication Language: English
Filing Language: English
Fulltext Word Count: 18669

International Patent Class: **H04L-009/00**
Fulltext Availability:
  Detailed Description

Detailed Description
... trap host system is copied into the cage directory. As described more
  fully below, the **interface** to the operating system **kernel** is modified
  to **monitor** the **intruder** 's actions (e.g., by generating **log** data
  regarding an intruders activities), keep the intruder in the cage, and
  prevent the intruder...is copied to each of the cages, step 1704.
  As has been described herein, the **interface** to the operating system
  kernel is modified to **monitor** the **intruder** 's actions, keep the
  intruder in the cage, and prevent the intruder from realizing

00922117   **Image available**
COMPUTER SECURITY AND MANAGEMENT SYSTEM
SYSTEME DE GESTION ET DE SECURITE INFORMATIQUE
Patent Applicant/Assignee:
  CISCO TECHNOLOGY INC, 170 West Tasman Road, San Jose, CA 95134, US, US
    (Residence), US (Nationality)
Inventor(s):
  ROWLAND Craig H, 6908 Dogwood Hollow, Austin, TX 78750, US,
  PETTIT Justin, 70 Redding Road, Campbell, CA 95008, US,
  RHODES Aaron, 642 West Maple Street, Clyde, OH 43410, US,
  IRWIN Vicki, 1703 Persimmon Road, Cedar Park, TX 78613, US,
Legal Representative:
  SHOWALTER Barton E (et al) (agent), Baker Botts L.L.P, 2001 Ross Avenue,
    Suite 600,, Dallas, TX 75201-2980, US,
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
  Patent: WO 200256152 A2-A3 20020718 (WO 0256152)
  Application: WO 2002US900 20020110 (PCT/WO US0200900)
  Priority Application: US 2001261155 20010110
Designated States:
(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)
  AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ
  EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR
  LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI
  SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZM ZW
  (EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR
  (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
  (AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW
  (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM
Publication Language: English
Filing Language: English
Fulltext Word Count: 14244

Main International Patent Class: **H04L-009/00**
International Patent Class: **H04L-009/32 ...**

... G06F-012/14
Fulltext Availability:
  Detailed Description
  Claims

Detailed Description
... actions on the local system as requested by the MAC.
  The present invention has several **core** security and **intrusion**
  detection mechanisms such as **log** security in the form of **log** audit
  functions, login and logout anomaly detection fanctions; session monitors
  and a port scan detector...

Claim
... consisting of forensic evidence agent, intrusion control agent, file
  integrity agent, host scanning agent, known **intrusion** agent, loadable
  kernel module agent, password cracking agent, **log** archive agent,
  rootkit agent, suspicious file agent, promiscuous mode agent, hidden
  process detection agent, unauthorized...

00772873   **Image available**
SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR GENERATING FICTITIOUS CONTENT FOR A COMPUTER
SYSTEME ET PROCEDE PERMETTANT DE GENERER UN CONTENU FICTIF POUR UN ORDINATEUR

Patent Applicant/Assignee:
  RECOURSE TECHNOLOGIES INC, 2450 El Camino Real, #100, Palo Alto, CA 94306
    , US, US (Residence), US (Nationality)
Inventor(s):
  LYLE Michael, 2844 Buena Knoll Court, San Jose, CA 95121, US
  ROSS Robert F, 151 Calderon #334, Mountain View, CA 94041, US
  MARICONDO James R, 872 Ames Court, Palo Alto, CA 94303, US
Legal Representative:
  JAMES William J, Ritter, Van Pelt & Yi LLP, Suite 205, 4906 El Camino
    Real, Los Altos, CA 94022, US
Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
  Patent: WO 200106373 A1 20010125 (WO 0106373)
  Application: WO 2000US19222 20000714 (PCT/WO US0019222)
  Priority Application: US 99143821 19990714; US 99151531 19990830
Designated States:
(Protection type is "patent" unless otherwise stated - for applications
prior to 2004)
  AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM EE ES FI GB
  GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA
  MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA
  UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW
  (EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
  (OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
  (AP) GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW
  (EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM
Publication Language: English
Filing Language: English
Fulltext Word Count: 12444

Main International Patent Class: **G06F-012/14**
Fulltext Availability:
  Detailed Description

Detailed Description
... trap host system is copied into the cage directory. As described more
  fully below, the **interface** to the operating system **kernel** is modified
  to **monitor** the **intruder** 's actions (e.g., by generating **log** data
  regarding an intruders activities), keep the intruder in the cage, and
  prevent the
  26...

```
Set      Items    Description
S1       295822   INTRUD? OR INTRUS? OR IDD OR IDDS OR IDS OR HONEY()POT? ? -
                  OR SAND()BOX OR SANDBOX? OR NSM? OR THREAT()MONITOR? OR SURVE-
                  IL? OR (ANOMAL? OR MISUSE?)(3N)(DETECT? OR MONITOR?)
S2       887154   KERNEL? OR CORE? OR CENTRAL()(PROGRAM? OR MODULE?) OR SYST-
                  EM()(LEVEL? OR PROGRAM?)
S3       332467   BUFFER? OR CACHE? OR TEMPORAR?()(MEMOR? OR STORAGE?) OR CI-
                  RCULAR()BUFFER?
S4        12073   DEVICE()DRIVER? OR DDL OR (PERIPHERAL? OR DEVICE)(N)(IO OR
                  I()O OR INTERFACE?)
S5      2845173   AUDIT? OR MONITOR? OR LOG OR LOGS OR LOGGING OR LOGGED OR -
                  HISTOR?
S6        6548    S1 AND S2
S7          62    S6 AND S3
S8           4    S6 AND S4
S9        1907    S6 AND S5
S10         20    S7 AND S5
S11         24    S8 OR S10
S12         19    RD (unique items)
S13         17    S12 NOT PY>2002
S14         16    S13 NOT PD>20011116
? show files
File   8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2005/Jan W3
          (c) 2005 Elsevier Eng.  Info. Inc.
File  35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2005/Feb
          (c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
File  65:Inside Conferences 1993-2005/Feb W4
          (c) 2005 BLDSC all rts. reserv.
File   2:INSPEC 1969-2005/Feb W3
          (c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers
File  94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2005/Jan W3
          (c)2005 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST)
File 111:TGG Natl.Newspaper Index(SM) 1979-2005/Feb 28
          (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File   6:NTIS 1964-2005/Feb W3
          (c) 2005 NTIS, Intl Cpyrght All Rights Res
File 144:Pascal 1973-2005/Feb W3
          (c) 2005 INIST/CNRS
File  34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2005/Feb W3
          (c) 2005 Inst for Sci Info
File  99:Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2005/Jan
          (c) 2005 The HW Wilson Co.
File  95:TEME-Technology & Management 1989-2005/Jan W3
          (c) 2005 FIZ TECHNIK
```

14/5/5   (Item 1 from file: 2)

6461276   INSPEC Abstract Number: C2000-02-6130S-054
  Title: A process state-transition analysis and its application to intrusion **detection**
  Author(s): Nuansri, N.; Singh, S.; Dillon, T.S.
  Author Affiliation: Dept. of Comput. Sci. & Comput. Eng., La Trobe Univ., Bundoora, Vic., Australia
  Conference Title: Proceedings 15th Annual Computer Security Applications Conference (ACSAC'99)   p.378-87
  Publisher: IEEE Comput. Soc, Los Alamitos, CA, USA
  Publication Date: 1999 Country of Publication: USA   xvi+390 pp.
  ISBN: 0 7695 0346 2   Material Identity Number: XX-1999-03025
  U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0 7695 0346 2/99/$10.00
  Conference Title: Proceedings of 15th Annual Computer Security Applications Conference
  Conference Sponsor: Appl. Comput. Security Assoc.; ACM Special Interest Group on Security, Audit & Control
  Conference Date: 6-10 Dec. 1999   Conference Location: Phoenix, AZ, USA
  Language: English   Document Type: Conference Paper (PA)
  Treatment: Practical (P)
  Abstract: This paper describes a new technique for detecting security breaches in a computer system. For each Unix process, the user credentials, which are user identifiers, determine the process privilege, including whether a process has gained a high privilege, such as that of the superuser. The state transition technique is applied to a suitably defined process state, identified by certain classes of user credential values. A transition takes place when these values change from one class to another. These states are clearly defined, and prohibited state transitions as well as some supporting rules are identified. When many break-ins succeed, either the rules are violated or these prohibited transitions occur, and this implies a violation of system security policy. A specially modified system call, ktrace0, is used by the superuser to **monitor** the process-state and state transition analysis is applied to the traced information, by the **Intrusion** Detection System. Tests show that most known security violations belonging to the targeted classes (such as **buffer** overflow exploits) can be detected (and possibly pre-empted) while the constituent activities are still being processed in the **kernel** .   (21 Refs)
  Subfile: C
  Descriptors: security of data; Unix
  Identifiers: process state transition analysis; security breach detection ; computer system; Unix process; user credential; user identifiers; process privilege; superuser; prohibited state transitions; break-ins; system call; ktrace; process state **monitoring** ; traced information; **Intrusion** Detection System
  Class Codes: C6130S (Data security); C6150J (Operating systems)

14/5/7   (Item 1 from file: 6)
DIALOG(R)File   6:NTIS

2009818 NTIS Accession Number: AD-A324 562/8
  Logging   Kernel **Events**
  Tera Computer Co., Seattle, WA.
  Corp. Source Codes: 108307000; 420107
  4 Dec 95   8p
  Languages: English
  Journal Announcement: GRAI9718
  Product reproduced from digital image. Order this product from NTIS by:
phone at 1-800-553-NTIS (U.S. customers); (703)605-6000 (other countries);
fax at (703)321-8547; and email at orders@ntis.fedworld.gov. NTIS is
located at 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA, 22161, USA.
  NTIS Prices: PC A02/MF A01
  Country of Publication: United States
  This document describes a feature to enhance the debugging facilities of
the Tera operating system. In particular, it details a mechanism to **log
kernel**   events with minimal overhead and in a way that is non- **intrusive**
to the developer or system administrator.
  Descriptors: *Operating systems(Computers); *Debugging(Computers); Data
management; Computer files; **Buffer** storage; Fields(Computer programs);
Control sequences; C programming language
  Identifiers: Tera operating system; C++ programming language; NTISDODXA
  Section   Headings: 62B   (Computers,   Control,   and   Information
Theory--Computer Software)

15336377   PASCAL No.: 02-0023056
A useful intrusion **detection system prototype to** monitor
multi-processes based on system calls
  Information and communications security : Xian, 13-16 November 2001
  HONGPEI LI; LIANLI CHANG; XINMEI WANG
  SIHAN QING, ed; OKAMOTO Tatsuaki, ed; JIANYING ZHOU, ed
  National Key Laboratory on Integrated Services Networks, Xidian
University, Xi'an 710071, China
  ICICS 2001 : international conference on information and communications
security, 3 (Xian CHN) 2001-11-13
  Journal: Lecture notes in computer science, 2001, 2229 441-450
  ISBN: 3-540-42880-1 ISSN: 0302-9743 Availability: INIST-16343;
354000097031590480
  No. of Refs.: 8 ref.
  Document Type: P (Serial); C (Conference Proceedings) ; A (Analytic)
  Country of Publication: Germany; United States
  Language: English

  Based on studying of process behaviors classification, a practical
 intrusion   detection system prototype is discussed. As one of the key
elements, the system behaviors classifier (Naive Bayesian Classifier) can
identify malicious system behaviors effectively by classifying the
sequences of system calls as normal or abnormal. However, an extended
 intrusion detection mechanism by **monitoring**   multiple processes to
detect **intrusions** that can modify the behaviors of **system   programs**
 (such as: Trojan Horses, **Buffer** overflow attacks, and viruses.) is
proposed.

English Descriptors: Overflow(computer arithmetics); Bayes estimation;
  Buffer system; **Intrusion** detection systems; Prototype; Classification;
  Monitoring ; Surveillance ; Classifier; Bayes methods

French Descriptors: Depassement capacite; Estimation Bayes; Systeme tampon;
  Systeme detection ·**intrusion** ; Prototype; Classification; **Monitorage ;**
  Surveillance ; Classificateur; Methode Bayes

```
Set       Items    Description
S1           11    AU=(CROSBIE, M? OR CROSBIE M?)
S2            2    AU=(SHEPLEY R? OR SHEPLEY, R?)
S3          248    AU=(JONES, N? OR JONES N?)
S4            2    AU=(FRAYMAN, L? OR FRAYMAN L?)
S5            0    S1 AND S2 AND S3 AND S4
S6           14    (S1 OR S2 OR S3 OR S4) AND IC=G06F?
S7           14    IDPAT (sorted in duplicate/non-duplicate order)
S8           10    IDPAT (primary/non-duplicate records only)
File 347:JAPIO Nov 1976-2004/Oct(Updated 050208)
         (c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO
File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2005/Feb W03
         (c) 2005 European Patent Office
File 349:PCT FULLTEXT 1979-2002/UB=20050217,UT=20050210
         (c) 2005 WIPO/Univentio
File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2005/UD,UM &UP=200513
         (c) 2005  Thomson Derwent
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8/5/5   (Item 5 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

014642295   **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2002-462999/200249
Related WPI Acc No: 2002-443490
XRPX Acc No: N02-490547
   **Computer architecture for monitoring events occurring in computer system
   or network and analyzing events for signs of security violations has at
   least one correlation engine to interpret and analyze kernel audit and
   syslog data**
Patent Assignee: CROSBIE M (CROS-I); FRAYMAN L L (FRAY-I); KUPERMAN B
   (KUPE-I); SHEPLEY R (SHEP-I)
Inventor: **CROSBIE M ; FRAYMAN L L** ; KUPERMAN B; **SHEPLEY R**
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
US 20020083343	A1	20020627	US 2000210922	A	20000612	200249	B
			US 2001878320	A	20010612		

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2000210922 P 20000612; US
   2001878320 A 20010612
Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
US 20020083343	A1		10	G06F-011/30	Provisional application US 2000210922

Abstract (Basic): US 20020083343 A
   NOVELTY - A control agent (60) interfaces with a GUI system (55)
and monitors system activity. At least one data gathering component
gathers kernel audit data (70) and syslog data (72). At least one
correlation engine (78) interprets and analyzes the kernel audit data
and the syslog data using at least one detection template.
   USE - As a host-based intrusion detection system (IDS) for
monitoring events occurring in a computer system or network and
analyzing the events for signs of security violations
   ADVANTAGE - Observes kernel audit data, network packets and system
log files on target host, provides more accurate determinations (fewer
false positives, fewer missed attacks). Detects building blocks of
attacks, not a variety of attack scenarios that may require frequent
update. Detects insider attacks that do not use the network. Network
traffic encryption has no impact.
   DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows a high level
illustration of the logical architecture according to the present
invention.
   GUI system 55
   control agent 60
   kernel audit data 70
   syslog data 72
   correlation engine 78
   Dwg.1/5
Title Terms: COMPUTER; ARCHITECTURE; MONITOR; EVENT; OCCUR; COMPUTER;
   SYSTEM; NETWORK; EVENT; SIGN; SECURE; VIOLATION; ONE; CORRELATE; ENGINE;
   INTERPRETATION; ANALYSE; KERNEL; AUDIT; DATA
Derwent Class: T01
International Patent Class (Main): **G06F-011/30**
File Segment: EPI

014622786   **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2002-443490/200247
Related WPI Acc No: 2002-462999
XRPX Acc No: N02-349423
  **Intrusions detecting method in computer system, involves converting
  kernel records into ASCII format and comparing records against templates
  such as race conditions attack templates**
Patent Assignee: CROSBIE M (CROS-I); FRAYMAN L L (FRAY-I); KUPERMAN B
  (KUPE-I); SHEPLEY R (SHEP-I)
Inventor: **CROSBIE M** ; **FRAYMAN L L** ; KUPERMAN B; **SHEPLEY R**
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
US 20020046275	A1	20020418	US 2000210922	P	20000612	200247	B
			US 2001878319	A	20010612		

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2000210922 P 20000612; US
  2001878319 A 20010612
Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
US 20020046275	A1		29	G06F-015/16	Provisional application US 2000210922

Abstract (Basic): US 20020046275 A1
     NOVELTY - Kernel records containing a system call information and
kernel audit logs converted into ASCII format and are compared against
templates such as modification of files/directories templates, SetUID
files templates, race conditions attack template. An alert message is
generated based on the comparison result.
     DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the
following:
     (1) Critical files/directories changes detecting method;
     (2) Method of detecting changes to log files; and
     (3) Method of detecting a race condition attack.
     USE - In host-based intrusion detection systems (IDSs) used in an
enterprise environment for protecting host computer systems from
exploits of known vulnerabilities, protecting from attacks coming in
from network, for protecting against security policy violations within
a system or enterprise and for protecting some applications and also
for providing virus protection.
     ADVANTAGE - Detects intrusions accurately and communicates an alert
and detailed information on the potential attack immediately.
     DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a high level
illustration of the logical architecture.
     pp; 29 DwgNo 1/5
Title Terms: DETECT; METHOD; COMPUTER; SYSTEM; CONVERT; KERNEL; RECORD;
  ASCII; FORMAT; COMPARE; RECORD; TEMPLATE; RACE; CONDITION; ATTACK;
  TEMPLATE
Derwent Class: T01
International Patent Class (Main): **G06F-015/16**
International Patent Class (Additional): **G06F-015/173**
File Segment: EPI

```
Set      Items     Description
S1      641892     INTRUD? OR INTRUS? OR IDD OR IDDS OR IDS OR HONEY()POT? ? -
                   OR SAND()BOX OR SANDBOX? OR NSM? OR THREAT()MONITOR? OR SURVE-
                   IL? OR (ANOMAL? OR MISUSE?)(3N)(DETECT? OR MONITOR?)
S2     2742635     KERNEL? OR CORE? OR CENTRAL()(PROGRAM? OR MODULE?) OR SYST-
                   EM()(LEVEL? OR PROGRAM?)
S3      469170     BUFFER? OR CACHE? OR TEMPORAR?()(MEMOR? OR STORAGE?) OR CI-
                   RCULAR()BUFFER?
S4       90044     DEVICE()DRIVER? OR DDL OR (PERIPHERAL? OR DEVICE)(N)(IO OR
                   I()O OR INTERFACE?)
S5     9716351     AUDIT? OR MONITOR? OR LOG OR LOGS OR LOGGING OR LOGGED OR -
                   HISTOR?
S6        3931     S1 (10N) S2
S7           8     S6 (10N) S3
S8           0     S6 (10N) S4
S9         226     S6 (10N) S5
S10          2     S1(S)S2(S)S3(S)S4
S11        173     S1(S)S4
S12         33     S11(S)S5
S13         41     S12 OR S10 OR S7
S14         23     RD (unique items)
S15         15     S14 NOT PY>2001
S16         15     S15 NOT PD>20011116
File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM) 1983-2005/Mar 01
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File  47:Gale Group Magazine DB(TM) 1959-2005/Feb 25
         (c) 2005 The Gale group
File  75:TGG Management Contents(R) 86-2005/Feb W3
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 636:Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) 1987-2005/Mar 01
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File  16:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1990-2005/Mar 01
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 624:McGraw-Hill Publications 1985-2005/Mar 01
         (c) 2005 McGraw-Hill Co. Inc
File 484:Periodical Abs Plustext 1986-2005/Feb W3
         (c) 2005 ProQuest
File 613:PR Newswire 1999-2005/Mar 01
         (c) 2005 PR Newswire Association Inc
File 813:PR Newswire 1987-1999/Apr 30
         (c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc
File 141:Readers Guide 1983-2004/Sep
         (c) 2004 The HW Wilson Co
File 239:Mathsci 1940-2005/Mar
         (c) 2005 American Mathematical Society
File 370:Science 1996-1999/Jul W3
         (c) 1999 AAAS
File 696:DIALOG Telecom. Newsletters 1995-2005/Feb 28
         (c) 2005 The Dialog Corp.
File 553:Wilson Bus. Abs. FullText 1982-2004/Dec
         (c) 2005 The HW Wilson Co
File 621:Gale Group New Prod.Annou.(R) 1985-2005/Mar 01
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 674:Computer News Fulltext 1989-2005/Feb W4
         (c) 2005 IDG Communications
File  88:Gale Group Business A.R.T.S. 1976-2005/Feb 28
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 369:New Scientist 1994-2005/Feb W2
         (c) 2005 Reed Business Information Ltd.
File 160:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1972-1989
         (c) 1999 The Gale Group
File 635:Business Dateline(R) 1985-2005/Mar 01
         (c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
File  15:ABI/Inform(R) 1971-2005/Mar 01
         (c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning
File   9:Business & Industry(R) Jul/1994-2005/Feb 28
         (c) 2005  The Gale Group
File  13:BAMP 2005/Feb W3
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DIALOG(R)File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM)

02318120   SUPPLIER NUMBER: 55276902   (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)
eSafe Protect Desktop 2.1.
PC Magazine, 18, ·15, 107
Sept 1, 1999
ISSN: 0888-8507   LANGUAGE: English   RECORD TYPE: Fulltext
WORD COUNT: 488   LINE COUNT: 00042

...   variety of actions upon discovering a virus and has a flexible
scheduler as well.
     The **sandbox** feature makes eSafe stand out in this roundup. eSafe
uses Windows virtual **device   drivers** to **monitor** operations by other
programs, particularly Internet-enabled programs, and ensure that they
don't misbehave...

095841
Get a positive ID on DDoS attackers
**Mazu's TrafficMaster Inspector a good first step in identifying DDoS
    attacks.**
Byline: MANDY ANDRESS
Journal: Network World   Page Number: 55
Publication Date: August 27, 2001
Word Count: 1177   Line Count: 113

Text:
... on the network, but works best near the first-level routers, where it
can directly **monitor** traffic to and from the Internet. Inspector connects
to the data path via a passive...

...of network traffic from routers for analysis. Inspector sits directly on
the network connection and **monitors** all traffic, independent of the
network routers for packet information. One reason Mazu's solution...

... a great start in developing a fast, efficient distributed DoS solution.
Its approach to separate **monitoring** and defense mechanisms does not make
Inspector an optimal solution on its own. If we...
... three main components are at work: user-level Mazu module, Mazu Kernel
module and Mazu **device**   **driver** . The user-level module is the brains of
the product. It performs the packet analysis...

... and routing to keep any latency introduced by its presence to an
absolute minimum. The   **device**   **driver**   optimizes packet processing,
enabling Inspector to quickly and efficiently capture packets off the
network. Initially...

... These administration tools provide four main functions: configuration,
attack detection, attack characterization and traffic analysis **monitoring**
.Configuration settings allow you to enable SNMP **monitoring** and set
system thresholds. With SNMP enabled, an alert can be sent via your network
...

... overview page during the attack. The attack incident report page
provides detailed information on attack **histories** and lets you drill down
to specific packet details for each suspected attack.Inspector lets...
identify distributed DoS attacks in large carrier-class networks. Starting
at $100,000 for only **monitoring** and attack characterization, it is not a
solution for the faint of heart. Overall, TrafficMaster Inspector provides
fast, efficient **anomaly** -based **monitoring** , but it does not provide any
filtering recommendations. To do that, administrators must create their...

```
Set       Items     Description
S1         1294     INTRUD? OR INTRUS? OR IDD OR IDDS OR IDS OR HONEY()POT? ? -
                    OR SAND()BOX OR SANDBOX? OR NSM? OR THREAT()MONITOR? OR SURVE-
                    IL? OR (ANOMAL? OR MISUSE?)(3N)(DETECT? OR MONITOR?)
S2         2291     KERNEL? OR CORE? OR CENTRAL()(PROGRAM? OR MODULE?) OR SYST-
                    EM()(LEVEL? OR PROGRAM?)
S3          661     BUFFER? OR CACHE? OR TEMPORAR?()(MEMOR? OR STORAGE?) OR CI-
                    RCULAR()BUFFER?
S4          114     DEVICE()DRIVER? OR DDL OR (PERIPHERAL? OR DEVICE)(N)(IO OR
                    I()O OR INTERFACE?)
S5        10436     AUDIT? OR MONITOR? OR LOG OR LOGS OR LOGGING OR LOGGED OR -
                    HISTOR?
S6           64     S1 AND S2
S7           11     S6 AND S3
S8            0     S6 AND S4
S9           46     S6 AND S5
S10           6     S1(5N)S2
S11           4     S9 AND S10
S12          13     S11 OR S7
S13           3     S12 NOT PD>20011116
File 256:TecInfoSource 82-2005/Jan
          (c) 2005 Info.Sources Inc
```

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Set      Items    Description
S1       48217    INTRUD? OR INTRUS? OR IDD OR IDDS OR IDS OR HONEY()POT? ? -
                  OR SAND()BOX OR SANDBOX? OR NSM? OR THREAT()MONITOR? OR SURVE-
                  IL? OR (ANOMAL? OR MISUSE?)(3N)(DETECT? OR MONITOR?)
S2       506073   KERNEL? OR CORE? OR CENTRAL()(PROGRAM? OR MODULE?) OR SYST-
                  EM()(LEVEL? OR PROGRAM?)
S3       281020   BUFFER? OR CACHE? OR TEMPORAR?()(MEMOR? OR STORAGE?) OR CI-
                  RCULAR()BUFFER?
S4       12292    DEVICE()DRIVER? OR DDL OR (PERIPHERAL? OR DEVICE)(N)(IO OR
                  I()O OR INTERFACE?)
S5       527815   AUDIT? OR MONITOR? OR LOG OR LOGS OR LOGGING OR LOGGED OR -
                  HISTOR?
S6        1223    S1 AND S2
S7          15    S6 AND S3
S8           2    S6 AND S4
S9          93    S6 AND S5
S10          0    S9 AND IC=(G06F-017? OR G06F-007?)
S11         23    S9 AND IC=(G06F? OR H04L?)
S12         37    S7 OR S8 OR S11
S13         37    IDPAT (sorted in duplicate/non-duplicate order)
S14         37    IDPAT (primary/non-duplicate records only)
File 347:JAPIO Nov 1976-2004/Oct(Updated 050208)
         (c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO
File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2005/UD,UM &UP=200513
         (c) 2005  Thomson Derwent
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DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

016698266   **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2005-022542/200503
XRPX Acc No: N05-019466
  **Firewall framework for network device, has firewall engine with layer
  interface for returning action to requesting layer upon receiving layer
  parameters e.g. port number, for packet related to processor**
Patent Assignee: MICROSOFT CORP (MICT)
Inventor: MAYFIELD P G; SWANDER B D
Number of Countries: 038 Number of Patents: 006
Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
EP 1484884	A2	20041208	EP 20049147	A	20040416	200503	B
CA 2464784	A1	20041206	CA 2464784	A	20040419	200503	
JP 2004362581	A	20041224	JP 2004165078	A	20040602	200503	
ZA 200403075	A	20041229	ZA 20043075	A	20040422	200505	
US 20050022010	A1	20050127	US 2003456766	A	20030606	200509	
AU 2004202137	A1	20041223	AU 2004202137	A	20040519	200510	

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2003456766 A 20030606
Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
EP 1484884	A2	E	31	H04L-029/06	

  Designated States (Regional): AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB
  GR HR HU IE IT LI LT LU LV MC MK NL PL PT RO SE SI SK TR

CA 2464784	A1	E		H04L-009/00	
JP 2004362581	A		43	G06F-013/00	
ZA 200403075	A		57	G06F-000/00	
US 20050022010	A1			H04L-009/00	
AU 2004202137	A1			H04L-012/56	

Abstract (Basic): EP 1484884 A2
     NOVELTY - The framework has a set of layer processors, each
processes layer parameters e.g. port number, for a packet related to
the processor. Each processor issues a classification request with the
parameters. A **kernel** firewall engine (256) has a layer interface to
return an action to a requesting layer upon receiving the parameters. A
lookup component identifies from a matching filter the action to be
returned by the interface.
     DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the
following:
     (a) a method of communicating between a layer process and a
firewall process
     (b) a computer-readable medium for executing computer-readable
instructions for facilitating a firewall framework
     (c) a computer-readable medium for executing computer-readable
instructions for communicating between a layer process and a firewall
process in an operating system.
     USE - Used for providing multi-layering filtering of packet in a
network device of a computer system that is utilized with personal
computer, server computer, handheld or laptop device, multiprocessor
system, microprocessor-based system, set top box, programmable consumer
electronics, network PC, minicomputer and mainframe computer,
distributed computing environment that includes above systems or
devices.
     ADVANTAGE - The firewall engine returns the action to the
requesting layer upon receiving the parameters, thus permitting
filtering of packets at all layers within a network stack, and hence
providing more functionality such as **intrusion** detection, **logging**
of packets and parental control features.
     DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows a block diagram
illustrating firewall architecture.
       Kernel firewall engine (256)
     Filter engine application programmable interface (266)
     Filters (282)

Boot time policy (286)
Filter module (294)
pp; 31 DwgNo 3/9
Title Terms: FIREWALL; FRAMEWORK; NETWORK; DEVICE; FIREWALL; ENGINE; LAYER;
  INTERFACE; RETURN; ACTION; REQUEST; LAYER; RECEIVE; LAYER; PARAMETER;
  PORT; NUMBER; PACKET; RELATED; PROCESSOR
Derwent Class: T01; W01
International Patent Class (Main): **G06F-000/00 ; G06F-013/00 ;**
  H04L-009/00 ; H04L-012/56 ; H04L-029/06
International Patent Class (Additional): **G06F-001/00 ; G06F-012/14 ;**
  H04L-012/22 ; H04L-012/66
File Segment: EPI

DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX

016269930   **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2004-427824/200440
  Kernel interface device **in** intrusion **detection system for system
  security and method therefor**
Patent Assignee: LGNSYS INC (LGNS-N)
Inventor: LEE H J
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
KR 2004015484	A	20040219	KR 200247750.	A	20020813	200440	B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): KR 200247750 A 20020813
Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
KR 2004015484	A		1	H04L-012/22	

Abstract (Basic): KR 2004015484 A
     NOVELTY - A **kernel interface device** in an **IDS** (**Intrusion**
Detection System) for system security and a method therefor are
provided to **monitor** any event without exception by recognizing a
kernel interface, which can execute **monitoring** and reporting for
system event generation at the same with system booting, as a driver,
software-type hardware, and making it operated in the early stage of
booting.
     DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A **kernel interface device** in an **IDS** (
Intrusion Detection System) for system security consists of a ring '0'
 monitor driver(310), a ring '3' application program(330), and a
kernel interface driver(320). The ring '0' **monitor** driver(310)
monitors events of a ring '0' level for the transmission and reception
of driver information between a ring '0' **kernel** mode and a ring '3'
user mode. The ring '3' application program(330) is executed in the
ring '3' user mode. The **kernel** interface driver(320) transmits the
events **monitored** between the ring '0' **monitor** driver(310) and the
ring '3' application program(330). The **kernel** interface driver(320)
is comprised of a data channel(321), a cyclic data **buffer** (322), a
 system service thread(323), a **kernel** interface(331), and a
synchronization information **buffer** (340).
     pp; 1 DwgNo 1/10
Title Terms: **KERNEL** ; INTERFACE; DEVICE; **INTRUDE** ; DETECT; SYSTEM; SYSTEM
 ; SECURE; METHOD
Derwent Class: W01
International Patent Class (Main): **H04L-012/22**
File Segment: EPI

DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
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015837343   **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2003-899547/200382
XRPX Acc No: N03-717990
   **Profiling system for runtime environments, has profiling tool that
   creates runtime metric including application metric and
   non-application-code metric from software application and
   non-application-code component**
Patent Assignee: AFGHANI A (AFGH-I); KARKARE A (KARK-I); MATHUS R (MATH-I);
   TSARIOUNOV A (TSAR-I)
Inventor: AFGHANI A; KARKARE A; MATHUS R; TSARIOUNOV A
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
US 20030192036	A1	20031009	US 2002120036	A	20020409	200382	B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2002120036 A 20020409
Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind Lan Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
US 20030192036 A1	25	G06F-009/45	

Abstract (Basic): US 20030192036 A1
      NOVELTY - The system has a software application written in a
platform-independent programming language. A non-application-code
component is invoked by the software application. A profiling tool
creates a runtime metric that includes an application metric and a
non-application-code metric. The tool creates the application and
non-application-code metrics from the software application and
non-application-code component.
      DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for a
method of profiling the runtime environment of an application-code
component.
      USE - Used for runtime environments.
      ADVANTAGE - The profiling tool can generate runtime profiles
relating to both the software application and the non-application-code
component invoked by the software application, thereby the system
comprehensively profiles a runtime environment in a non- **intrusive**
manner.
      DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows a process-flow
diagram of a **kernel** processing subsystem, and interactions between a
kernel profiling subsystem and a virtual machine to generate
comprehensive runtime metrics.
      Profiler (45)
      Virtual machine (62)
       Kernel instrumentation trace (92)
       Kernel instrumentation points (94)
       Kernel instrumentation **buffer** (96)
       Kernel instrumentation data (98)
      pp; 25 DwgNo 10/12
Title Terms: PROFILE; SYSTEM; ENVIRONMENT; PROFILE; TOOL; METRIC; APPLY;
   METRIC; NON; APPLY; CODE; METRIC; SOFTWARE; APPLY; NON; APPLY; CODE;
   COMPONENT
Derwent Class: T01
International Patent Class (Main): G06F-009/45
File Segment: EPI

DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
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014815395   **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2002-636101/200268
XRPX Acc No: N02-502594
   **Virus and intrusion protection apparatus for computer, has switch which
   when open disconnects main core of computer from dedicated network
   board, WWW and e-mail**
Patent Assignee: LIN-HENDEL C (LINH-I)
Inventor: LIN-HENDEL C
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
US 20020095607	A1	20020718	US 2001262966	A	20010118	200268	B
			US 200252645	A	20020119		

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2001262966 P 20010118; US
   200252645 A 20020119
Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
US 20020095607	A1		9	G06F-012/14	Provisional application US 2001262966

Abstract (Basic): US 20020095607 A1
      NOVELTY - A dedicated network board (72) has duplicated computing
   components to isolate main core (74) of computer or network server
   from external communication with WWW (90). A switch (1A) when open
   disconnects the main core from the dedicated network board and WWW,
   e-mail and other external networks.
      DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for a
   method for protecting a computer from a virus, hacker or worm.
      USE - For protecting computer e.g. personal computer, laptop or
   computer networks from virus, hacker or worm.
      ADVANTAGE - Since the main core is never exposed to WWW and/or
   other external networks while communication sessions commence, no
   hacker, worm or virus can invade, infect or affect the main core . The
    temporary storage media of the network board can be easily flushed
   and restored.
      DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a computer network
   with the virus and **intrusion** protection apparatus.
      Switch (1A)
      WWW (90)
      Dedicated network board (72)
      Main core of computer (74)
      pp; 9 DwgNo 2/2
Title Terms: VIRUS; **INTRUDE** ; PROTECT; APPARATUS; COMPUTER; SWITCH; OPEN;
   DISCONNECT; MAIN; **CORE** ; COMPUTER; DEDICATE; NETWORK; BOARD; MAIL
Derwent Class: T01
International Patent Class (Main): G06F-012/14
File Segment: EPI

14/5/17   (Item 17 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
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014642295   **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2002-462999/200249
Related WPI Acc No: 2002-443490
XRPX Acc No: N02-490547
  Computer architecture for monitoring **events occurring in computer
  system or network and analyzing events for signs of security violations
  has at least one correlation engine to interpret and analyze** kernel
  audit **and syslog data**
Patent Assignee: CROSBIE M (CROS-I); FRAYMAN L L (FRAY-I); KUPERMAN B
  (KUPE-I); SHEPLEY R (SHEP-I)
Inventor: CROSBIE M; FRAYMAN L L; KUPERMAN B; SHEPLEY R
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
US 20020083343	A1	20020627	US 2000210922	A	20000612	200249	B
			US 2001878320	A	20010612		

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2000210922 P 20000612; US
  2001878320 A 20010612
Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
US 20020083343 A1		10	G06F-011/30	Provisional application US 2000210922

Abstract (Basic): US 20020083343 A
      NOVELTY - A control agent (60) interfaces with a GUI system (55)
  and **monitors** system activity. At least one data gathering component
  gathers **kernel** **audit** data (70) and syslog data (72). At least one
  correlation engine (78) interprets and analyzes the **kernel** **audit**
  data and the syslog data using at least one detection template.
      USE - As a host-based **intrusion** detection system (**IDS**) for
  monitoring events occurring in a computer system or network and
  analyzing the events for signs of security violations
      ADVANTAGE - Observes **kernel** **audit** data, network packets and
  system **log** files on target host, provides more accurate
  determinations (fewer false positives, fewer missed attacks). Detects
  building blocks of attacks, not a variety of attack scenarios that may
  require frequent update. Detects insider attacks that do not use the
  network. Network traffic encryption has no impact.
      DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows a high level
  illustration of the logical architecture according to the present
  invention.
      GUI system 55
      control agent 60
       kernel **audit** data 70
      syslog data 72
      correlation engine 78
      Dwg.1/5
Title Terms: COMPUTER; ARCHITECTURE; **MONITOR** ; EVENT; OCCUR; COMPUTER;
  SYSTEM; NETWORK; EVENT; SIGN; SECURE; VIOLATION; ONE; CORRELATE; ENGINE;
  INTERPRETATION; ANALYSE; **KERNEL** ; **AUDIT** ; DATA
Derwent Class: T01
International Patent Class (Main): **G06F-011/30**
File Segment: EPI

012470797   **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1999-276905/199923
XRPX Acc No: N99-207620
  System performance monitoring **method for single processor and
  multiprocessor system - involves displaying call count and data collected
  after execution of instrumentation phase for each selected code segment
  which are selected during burst counting phase**
Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC)
Inventor: BLANDY G O; SABA M A; URQUHART R J
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
US 5896538	A	19990420	US 96753570	A	19961126	199923	B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 96753570 A 19961126
Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
US 5896538	A		18	G06F-009/45	

Abstract (Basic): US 5896538 A
      NOVELTY - A burst counting phase is executed and then execution is
switched over to an instrumentation phase, when predetermined number of
code segments are selected in burst counting phase. Instrumentation
phase for each selected code segment is executed and call count and
data collected for each segment during execution is displayed in a
display device. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - During burst counting phase,
predetermined number of instructions are executed and call count for
one or more code segments is stored. The call count indicates number of
times a particular code segment is executed. Then one or more code
segments are selected and call count for each segment is equal to a
predetermined value. After display of call count and data, switching
over to burst counting phase from instrumentation phase is performed,
when selected code segment completes execution.
      USE - For single processor and multiprocessor system.
      ADVANTAGE - Enables programmer to improve performance of system as
statistic summary of system is presented to user after dividing into
user code and **kernel** code. Identifies frequently executed code paths
in system with minimum **intrusion** to system function and minimum usage
of memory capacity. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows block
diagram illustrating system performance **monitoring** method.
      Dwg.2/11
Title Terms: SYSTEM; PERFORMANCE; **MONITOR** ; METHOD; SINGLE; PROCESSOR;
  MULTIPROCESSOR; SYSTEM; DISPLAY; CALL; COUNT; DATA; COLLECT; AFTER;
  EXECUTE; INSTRUMENT; PHASE; SELECT; CODE; SEGMENT; SELECT; BURST; COUNT;
  PHASE
Derwent Class: T01
International Patent Class (Main): **G06F-009/45**
File Segment: EPI

010472905   **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1995-374225/199549
XRPX Acc No: N95-276023
   Intrusion **and** misuse detection **system for data processing system -**
   has misuse engine which compares states of system inputs to predetermined
   states, and output mechanism produces notification signal upon detection
   of misuse
Patent Assignee: SMAHA S E (SMAH-I); NETWORKS ASSOC INC (NETW-N); HAYSTACK
   LABS INC (HAYS-N)
Inventor: SMAHA S E; SNAPP S R
Number of Countries: 002 Number of Patents: 003
Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
CA 2144105	A	19950908	CA 2144105	A	19950307	199549	B
US 5557742	A	19960917	US 94208019	A	19940307	199643	
CA 2144105	C	19990817	CA 2144105	A	19950307	199953	

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 94208019 A 19940307
Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
CA 2144105	A		73	G06F-012/14	
US 5557742	A		46	G06F-011/34	
CA 2144105	C	E		G06F-012/14	

Abstract (Basic): CA 2144105 A
     The **intrusion** and **misuse** **detection** system (10) for data
processing system uses processing system inputs. This includes
processing system **audit** trail records (18), system **log** file data
(16), and system security state data (14). A misuse selector (20)
allows the detection system to analyse the process inputs for a
selected subset of misuses.
     The processing system inputs are then converted into states which
are compared, through a misuse engine (30), to a predefined set of
states and transitions until a selected **misuse** is **detected** . Once a
misuse has been **detected** , an output mechanism generates a signal for
use by notification and storage mechanism. The detection system then
generates a text-based output report for a user to view or store.
     ADVANTAGE - Minimises number of false positives. Eliminates need
for expert programming. Improved efficiency and simplified development
and testing.
     Dwg.1/6
Title Terms: **INTRUDE** ; MISUSE; DETECT; SYSTEM; DATA; PROCESS; SYSTEM;
   MISUSE; ENGINE; COMPARE; STATE; SYSTEM; INPUT; PREDETERMINED; STATE;
   OUTPUT; MECHANISM; PRODUCE; NOTIFICATION; SIGNAL; DETECT; MISUSE
Derwent Class: T01
International Patent Class (Main): **G06F-011/34** ; **G06F-012/14**
File Segment: EPI

14/5/32   (Item 32 from file: 347)
DIALOG(R)File 347:JAPIO
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06786758   **Image available**
SECURITY SYSTEM BY MULTIPLEX SYSTEM PARALLEL OPERATED COMPUTERS

ABSTRACT

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To secure the security of systems to be simultaneously and parallel operated without altering the systems by making a **monitoring** system **monitor** the contents of inter-system communications with the other system and an illegal inter-system communication control from the other system and preventing the influence of an illegal **intrusion** and control when an illegality is detected except for the **monitoring** system.

SOLUTION: A multiplex system parallel operation **kernel** 300 simultaneously and parallel operates plural systems on one computer. A system interruption control part 301 controls the interruption between respective systems and performs assigning or scheduling of processors. Besides, a system operation memory space managing part 302 manages the memories of respective systems and assigns memories for each of respective systems. When an illegal access is performed from one system to the multiplex system parallel operation **kernels** 300, the multiplex system parallel operation **kernel** 300 enables a general system itself to stop while using a system start/end control part 304.